

Technical data sheet

P6..W..EV-KBAC



BELIMO

CLOUD

Characterised control valve with sensor-operated flow rate or power control, power and energy-monitoring function, 2-way, Flange, PN 16 (Energy Valve),

- Nominal voltage AC/DC 24 V
- Control modulating, communicative
- For closed cold and warm water systems
- For modulating control of airhandling and heating systems on the water side
- Ethernet 10/100 Mbit/s, TCP/IP, integrated web server
- Communication via BACnet, Modbus, Belimo MP-Bus or conventional control
- optional Belimo Cloud connection
- Design life SuperCaps: 15 years

Type overview

Туре	DN []	DN ["]	Vnom [l/s]	Vnom [l/min]	kvs theor. [m³/h]	PN []	n(gl) []
P6065W800EV-KBAC	65	2 1/2	8	480	40	16	3.2
P6080W1100EV-KBAC	80	3	11	660	60	16	3.2
P6100W2000EV-KBAC	100	4	20	1200	100	16	3.2
P6125W3100EV-KBAC	125	5	31	1860	160	16	3.2
P6150W4500EV-KBAC	150	6	45	2700	240	16	3.2

kvs theor.: Theoretical kvs value for pressure drop calculation

Technical data

Electrical data	Nominal voltage	AC/DC 24 V
	Nominal voltage frequency	50 Hz
	Nominal voltage range	AC 19.228.8 V / DC 21.628.8 V
	Power consumption in operation	15.5 W (DN 6580)
		16.5 W (DN 100150)
	Power consumption at rest	6.5W
	Power consumption for wire sizing	26 VA (DN 6580)
		29 VA (DN 100150)
	Connection supply / control	Cable 1 m, 6 x 0.75 mm ²
	Connection control Ethernet	RJ45 socket
	Parallel operation	Yes (note the performance data)
Functional data	Torque motor	20 Nm (DN 6580)
	1	40 Nm (DN 100150)
	Communicative control	MP-Bus (Details see separate document "Data-
		Pool Values")
		BACnet IP, BACnet MS/TP (Details see
		seperate document "PICS")
		Modbus TCP, Modbus RTU (Details see
		separate document "Modbus Register")
	Positioning signal Y	DC 010 V
	Positioning signal Y note	Input impedance 100 kΩ
	Operating range Y	DC 210 V
	Operating range Y variable	DC 0.510 V
	Position feedback U	DC 210 V
	Position feedback U variable	DC 010 V
		DC 0.510 V
	Setting emergency setting position (POP)	NC / NO or adjustable 0100% (POP rotary
		button)
	Running time emergency control position	35 s / 90°
	Sound power level motor	45 dB(A)
	Sound power level emergency control position	61 dB(A)
	Adjustable flow rate Vmax	45100% of Vnom

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Functional data	Control accuracy	±10% (of 25100% Vnom)			
	Configuration	via integrated web server / ZTH EU			
	Media	Cold and warm water, water with glycol up to			
		max. 50% vol.			
	Medium temperature	-10120°C			
	Permissible pressure ps	1600 kPa			
	Closing pressure Aps	690 kPa			
	Differential pressure Apmax	340 kPa			
	Flow characteristic	equal percentage (VDI/VDE 2178), optimised in the opening range (switchable to linear)			
	Leakage rate	Leakage rate A, air-bubble-tight (EN 12266-1)			
	Pipe connector	Flange PN 16 according to EN 1092-2			
	Installation position	Upright to horizontal (in relation to the stem)			
	Maintenance	Maintenance-free			
	Manual override	with push-button			
Flow measurement	Measuring principle	Magnetic inductive volumetric flow measurement			
	Measuring accuracy	±6% (of 25100% Vnom)			
	Min. flow measurement	2.5% of Vnom			
Cemperature measurement	Measuring accuracy of the absolute temperature	± 0.6°C @ 60°C (PT1000 EN60751 Class B)			
	Measuring accuracy of temperature difference	±0.23 K @ ΔT = 20 K			
	Resolution	0.05°C			
Safety	Protection class IEC/EN	III Protective Extra-Low Voltage (PELV)			
	Degree of protection IEC/EN	IP54 (for use of protective cap or grommet for RJ45 socket)			
	EMC	CE according to 2014/30/EU			
	Mode of operation	Type 1.AA			
	Rated impulse voltage supply / control	0.8 kV			
	Control pollution degree	3			
	Ambient temperature	-1050°C			
	Non-operating temperature	-2080°C			
	Ambient humidity	95% r.h., non-condensing			
Materials	Measuring pipe	EN-GJS-500-7U (GGG50 with protective paint)			
	Closing element	stainless steel AISI 316			
	Stem seal	EPDM Perox			
	Ball seat	PTFE, O-ring Viton			
	Immersion sleeve	Stainless steel AISI 316Ti			
Terms	Abbreviations	POP = Power off position / emergency setting position			

Safety notes



• This device has been designed for use in stationary heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems and must not be used outside the specified field of application, especially in aircraft or in any other airborne means of transport.

- Outdoor application: only possible in case that no (sea)water, snow, ice, insolation
 or aggressive gases interfere directly with the actuator and that is ensured that the
 ambient conditions remain at any time within the thresholds according to the data
 sheet.
- Only authorised specialists may carry out installation. All applicable legal or institutional installation regulations must be complied during installation.
- The connection between the control valve and the measuring tube should not be separated.
- The device contains electrical and electronic components and must not be disposed of as household refuse. All locally valid regulations and requirements must be observed.

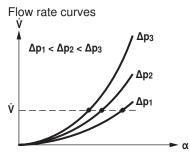


Product features

Mode of operation The final controlling device is comprised of four components: characterised control valve (CCV), measuring pipe with volumetric flow sensor, temperature sensors and the actuator itself. The adjusted maximum flow (Vmax) is assigned to the maximum positioning signal (typically 10 V / 100%). Alternatively, the positioning signal can be assigned to the valve opening angle or to the power required on the heat exchanger (see power control). The final controlling device can be controlled communicative or analogue. The medium is detected by the sensor in the measuring pipe and is applied as the flow value. The measured value is balanced with the setpoint. The actuator corrects the deviation by changing the valve position. The angle of rotation α varies according to the differential pressure through the final controlling element (see flow rate curves).

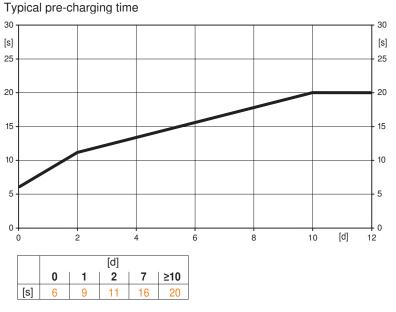
With the supply voltage the integrated condensors will be charged. Interrupting the supply voltage causes the valve to be moved to the selected emergency setting position (POP) by means of stored electrical energy.

Flow characteristic



Pre-charging time (start up)

The capacitor actuators require a pre-charging time. This time is used for charging the capacitors up to a usable voltage level. This ensures that, in the event of an electricity interruption, the actuator can move at any time from its current position into the preset emergency setting position (POP). The duration of the pre-charging time depends mainly on how long the power was interrupted.



[d] = Electricity interruption in days
 [s] = Pre-charging time in seconds
 Delivery condition (capacitors)

Setting emergency setting position (POP)

The actuator is completely discharged after delivery from the factory, which is why the actuator requires approximately 20 s pre-charging time before initial commissioning in order to bring the capacitors up to the required voltage level.

The «Emergency setting position» rotary knob can be used to adjust the desired emergency setting position (POP) between 0 and 100% in 10% increments. The rotary knob allways refers to the adapted angle of rotation range. In the event of an electricity interruption, the actuator will move into the selected emergency setting position (POP).



	function, 2-way, Flange, FN to (Energy valve),
Product features	
Transmission behaviour HE	Heat exchanger transmission behaviour Depending on the construction, temperature spread, medium and hydraulic circuit, the power Q is not proportional to the water volumetric flow \dot{V} (Curve 1). With the classical type of temperature control, an attempt is made to maintain the control signal Y proportional to the power Q (Curve 2). This is achieved by means of an equal- percentage valve characteristic curve (Curve 3).
Power control	Alternatively, the positioning signal Y can be assigned to the output power required on the heat exchanger. Depending on the water temperature and air conditions, the Energy Valve ensures the amount of water required \dot{V} to achieve the desired power.
	Maximum controllable power on heat exchanger in power control mode: DN 65 1700 kW DN 80 2400 kW
	DN 100 4200 kW DN 125 6500 kW DN 150 9500 kW
Control characteristics	The specially configured control parameters in connection with the precise velocity sensor ensure a stable quality of control. They are however not suitable for rapid control processes, i.e. for domestic water control.
Definition	Vnom is the maximum possible flow.
	Żmax is the maximum flow rate which has been set with the greatest positioning signal, e.g. 100%. Żmax can be set to between 45% and 100% of Żnom.
	Vmin 0% (non-variable).
	100% Vinom
	$45\% \qquad \qquad$

100%

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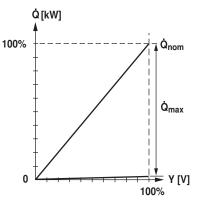
Product features

Definition Power control

Qnom is the maximum possible power output on the heat exchanger.

Qmax is the maximum power output on the heat exchanger which has been set with the greatest positioning signal. Qmax can be set between 1% and 100% of Qnom.

Qmin 0% (non-variable).



Creep flow suppression

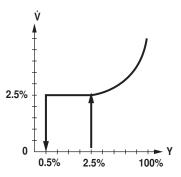
Given the very low flow speed in the opening point, this can no longer be measured by the sensor within the required tolerance. This range is overridden electronically.

Opening valve

The valve remains closed until the volumetric flow required by the positioning signal Y corresponds to 2.5% of Vnom. The control along the valve characteristic curve is active after this value has been exceeded.

Closing valve

The control along the valve characteristic curve is active up to the required flow rate of 2.5% of Vnom. Once the level falls below this value, the flow rate is maintained at 2.5% of Vnom. If the level falls below the flow rate of 0.5% of Vnom required by the reference variable Y, then the valve will close.



6



Characterised control valve with sensor-operated flow P6..W..EV-KBAC rate or power control, power and energy-monitoring function, 2-way, Flange, PN 16 (Energy Valve), **Product features** Communication The parameterisation can be carried out through the integrated web server (RJ45 connection to the web browser) or by communicative means. Additional information regarding the integrated web server can be found in the separate documentation. "Peer to Peer" connection http://belimo.local:8080 The Notebook must be set to "DHCP" Make sure that only one network connection is active. Standard IP address: http://192.168.0.10:8080 Static IP address Password (read-only): User name: «guest» Password: «guest» Positioning signal inversion This can be inverted in cases of control with an analogue positioning signal. The inversion causes the reversal of the standard behaviour, i.e. at a positioning signal of 0%, regulation is to Vmax or Qmax, and the valve is closed at a positioning signal of 100% Hydraulic balancing Via the integrated web server, the maximum flow rate (equivalent to 100% requirement) can be adjusted on the device itself, simply and reliably, in a few steps. If the device is integrated in the management system, then the balancing can be handled directly by the management system. **Delta-T manager** If a heating or cooling register is operated with a differential temperature that is too low and thus with a flow rate that is too high, this will not result in an increased power output. Nevertheless, heating or cooling machines must provide the energy at a lower degree of efficiency. This means, that pumps circulate too much water and increase energy consumption unnecessarily. With the aid of the Energy Valve, it is simple to discover that operation is being carried out at a differential temperature that is too low, resulting in the inefficient use of energy. Necessary setting adjustments can now be carried out quickly and easily at any time. The integrated differential temperature limiting offers the user the possibility of defining a low limit value. The Energy Valve limits the flow rate automatically to prevent the level from falling below this value. The settings of the Delta-T manager can be made either directly on the web server or via the Belimo Cloud a direct analysis of the Delta-T behavior is carried out by Belimo experts. 3 Power output of the heating or cooling registers 1 4 ► V [m³/h]

With conventional control by means of an analogue positioning signal, the integrated web server, BACnet, Modbus or MP-Bus can be used for the communicative position feedback.

Differential temperature between supply and return

Loss zone (heating or cooling register saturation) 3 Adjustable minimum differential temperature 4

Combination analogue - communicative (hybrid mode)



Product features		
Power and energy monitoring function	The final controlling device is equipped with two temper (T2) is integrated in the measuring pipe, the second ser the system, prewired, and must be installed in the wate sensors are used to record the medium temperature of of the consumer (heat/cold register). As the water quan the volumetric flow measurement integrated in the syste the consumer can be calculated. Furthermore, the heat determined automatically by means of the evaluation of The current data, e.g. temperatures, volumetric flow vol consumption etc. can be recorded and accessed at any browsers or communication.	nsor (T1) is included with r circulation on site. The the supply and return lines tity is also known, thanks to em, the power released from ing/cooling energy is also f the power over time. lumes, exchanger energy
Data recording	The recorded data (integrated data recording for 13 mo optimisation of the overall system and for the determinat consumer. Download csv files through web browser.	
Belimo Cloud	Additional Services are available, if the Energy Valve is Cloud: For instance, several devices may be managed experts may help analyze the Delta-T behavior or provie Energy Valve performance. Under certain conditions, the to the applicable Terms and Conditions of Sale may be be found under [www.belimo.com/ext-warranty]	via Internet. Also Belimo de written reports about the ne product warranty according
Manual override	Manual control with push-button possible - temporary. Tactuator decoupled for as long as the button is pressed	
High functional reliability	The actuator is overload protected, requires no limit swi when the end stop is reached.	itches and automatically stops
Accessories		
	Description	Туре
Electrical accessories	Grommet to B.I connection module	7-STB I 1

	Description	Туре
Electrical accessories	Grommet to RJ connection module	Z-STRJ.1
	Stem heating flange ISO 5211, F05 (30W)	ZR24-F05
	Connection cable 5 m, A+B: RJ12 6/6, To ZTH EU	ZK1-GEN
	Description	Туре
Service Tools	Service tool for parametrisable and communicative Belimo actuators / VAV controller and HVAC performance devices	ZTH EU
Electrical installation		

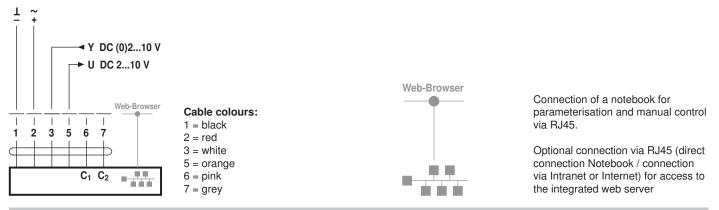
	Notes	 Connection via safety isolating transformer. Parallel connection of other actuators possible. Observe the performance data. The wiring of the line for Modbus (RTU) / BACnet (MS/TP) is to be carried out in accordance with applicable RS485 regulations. Modbus / BACnet: Supply and communication are not galvanically isolated. Connect earth signal of the devices with one another.
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Electrical installation

Wiring diagrams

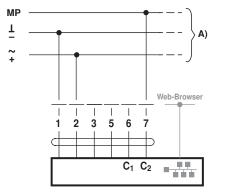
Conventional operation



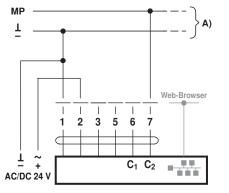
Functions

Functions for actuators with specific parameters (Parametrisation with web server)

MP-Bus, supply via 3-wire connection



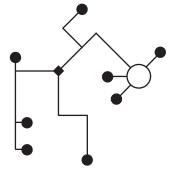
MP-Bus via 2-wire connection, local power supply



A) Additional actuators and sensors (max. 8)

A) Additional actuators and sensors (max. 8)

Network topology

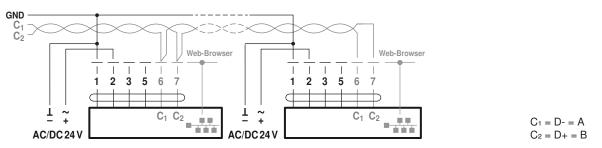


There are no restrictions for the network topology (star, ring, tree or mixed forms are permitted). Supply and communication in one and the same 3-wire cable • no shielding or twisting necessary • no terminating resistors required



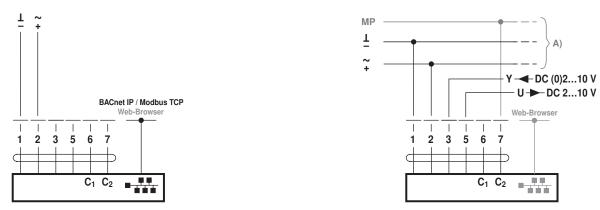
Functions



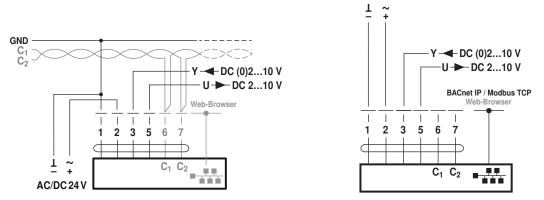


BACnet IP / Modbus TCP

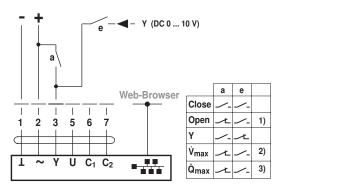




BACnet MS/TP / Modbus RTU with analog setpoint (hybrid mode)BACnet IP / Modbus TCP with analog setpoint (hybrid mode)



Override control and limiting with DC 24 V with relay contacts (with conventional control or hybrid mode)



1) Position control

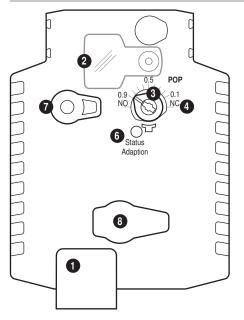
2) Flow control

3) Power control

Characterised control valve with sensor-operated flow rate or power control, power and energy-monitoring function, 2-way, Flange, PN 16 (Energy Valve),



Operating controls and indicators



1 LED display green

Off:	No power supply or wiring errors
On:	In operation
Flickering:	Internal communication (Valve/Sensor)
••••	•

2 Cover, POP button

3 POP button

4 Scale for manual adjustment

6 Push-button and LED display yellow

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On:	Adaptation process active
Flashing:	POP function active
Off:	Not in operation, pre-charging time SuperCap, fault SuperCap
Press button:	Triggers angle of rotation adaptation, followed by standard mode

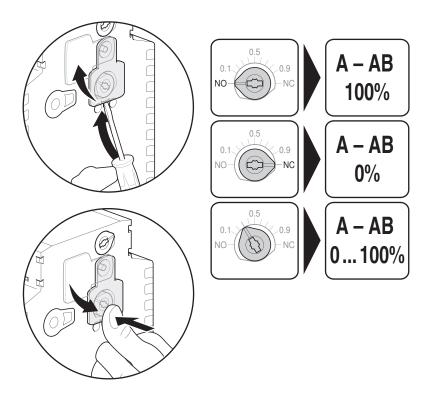
7 Gear disengagement button

Press button:Gear disengages, motor stops, manual override possibleRelease button:Gear engages, followed by standard mode

8 Service plug

For connecting the ZTH EU

Setting emergency setting position (POP)



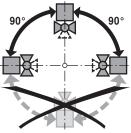
Characterised control valve with sensor-operated flow rate or power control, power and energy-monitoring function, 2-way, Flange, PN 16 (Energy Valve),



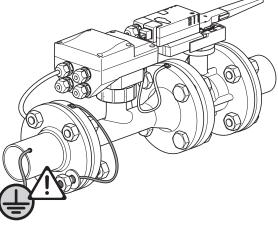
Installation notes

Recommended installation positions

The ball valve can be installed upright to horizontal. The ball valve may not be installed in a hanging position, i.e. with the stem pointing downwards.



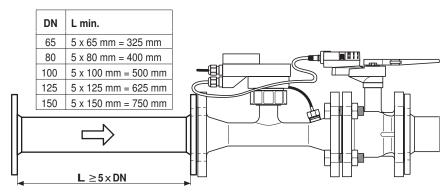
Mounting position in the return	Installation in the return is recommended.
Water quality requirements	The water quality requirements specified in VDI 2035 must be adhered to. Belimo valves are regulating devices. For the valves to function correctly in the long term, they must be kept free from particle debris (e.g. welding beads during installation work). The installation of suitable strainer is recommended. Additionally a magnetic strainer is recommended. The water must exhibit a conductivity $\geq 20 \ \mu$ S/cm during operation for correct functioning. It should be noted that, under normal circumstances, even filling water with a lower conductivity will experience an elevation of its conductivity to above the minimum required value during filling and that the system can thus be put into operation. Elevation of conductivity during filling caused by: - untreated residual water from pressure test or pre-rinsing - metal salts (e.g. surface rust) dissolved out of the raw material
Stem heating	In cold water applications and warm humid ambient air can cause condensation in the actuators. This can lead to corrosion in the gear box of the actuator and causes a breakdown of it. In such applications, the use of a stem heating is provided. The stem heating must be enabled only when the system is in operation, because it does not have temperature control.
Maintenance	Ball valves, rotary actuators and sensors are maintenance-free.
	Before any service work on the final controlling device is carried out, it is essential to isolate the rotary actuator from the power supply (by unplugging the electrical cable if necessary). Any pumps in the part of the piping system concerned must also be switched off and the appropriate slide valves closed (allow all components to cool down first if necessary and allways reduce the system pressure to ambient pressure level). The system must not be returned to service until the ball valve and the rotary actuator
	have been correctly reassembled in accordance with the instructions and the pipeline has been refilled by professionally trained personnel.
Flow direction	The direction of flow, specified by an arrow on the housing, is to be complied with, since otherwise the flow rate will be measured incorrectly.
Earthing	It is imperative that the measuring pipe be correctly earthed in order to ensure that the volumetric flow sensor does not make any unnecessary incorrect measurements.





Installation notes

Inlet section In order to achieve the specified measuring accuracy, a flow-calming section or inflow section in the direction of the flow is to be provided upstream from the flow sensor. Its dimensions should be at least 5x DN.



Installation of immersion sleeve and temperature sensor

The valve is equipped with two temperature sensors:

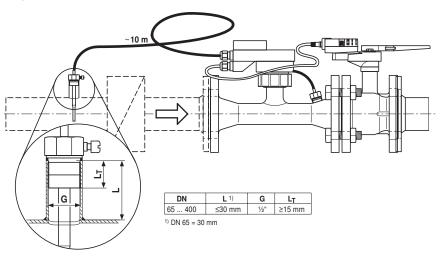
• T2: One sensor is already installed in the valve unit.

•T1: The second sensor must be mounted at the installation site ahead of the consumer (valve in the return line; recommended) or after the consumer (valve in the supply line). The immersion sleeve required is supplied with the valve unit.

The temperature sensor is already wired with the valve.

Note

The cable between valve unit and temperature sensor may not be either shortened or lengthened.



General notes

Valve selection

Election The valve is determined using the maximum flow required Vmax.
 A calculation of the kvs value is not required.
 Vmax = 45 ... 100% of Vnom
 If no hydraulic data are available, then the same valve DN can be selected as the heat exchanger nominal diameter.

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General notes

Minimum differential pressure (pressure drop)

The minimum required differential pressure (pressure drop through the valve) for achieving the desired volumetric flow Vmax can be calculated with the aid of the theoretical kvs value (see type overview) and the below-mentioned formula. The calculated value is dependent on the required maximum volumetric flow Vmax. Higher differential pressures are compensated for automatically by the valve.

Example (DN100 with the desired maximum flow rate = 50% Vnom) P6100W2000EV-KBAC kvs theor. = 100 m³/h

Vnom = 1200 l/min 50% * 1200 l/min = 600 l/min = 36 m³/h

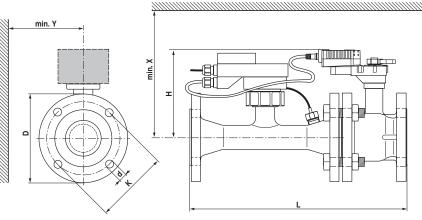
$$\Delta p_{\min} = 100 \text{ x} \left(\frac{\dot{V}_{\max}}{k_{vs \text{ theor.}}}\right)^2 = 100 \text{ x} \left(\frac{36 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}}{100 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}}\right)^2 = 13 \text{ kPa}$$

Behaviour with sensor failure

In case of a flow sensor error, the Energy Valve will switch from either Power or Flow control to Position control (Delta-T manger will be deactivated). Once the error disappears, the Energy Valve will switch back to the normal control setting (Delta-T manager activated)

Dimensions / Weight

Dimensional drawings



If Y < 180 mm, then the extension of the hand crank must be dismantled as necessary.

Туре	DN []	L [mm]	H [mm]	D [mm]	d [mm]	K [mm]	X [mm]	Y [mm]	Weight [kg]
P6065W800EV-KBAC	65	454	220	185	4 x 19	145	220	150	27
P6080W1100EV-KBAC	80	499	220	200	8 x 19	160	220	160	33
P6100W2000EV-KBAC	100	582	246	229	8 x 19	180	240	175	44
P6125W3100EV-KBAC	125	640	265	252	8 x 19	210	260	190	59
P6150W4500EV-KBAC	150	767	265	282	8 x 23	240	260	200	75

Further documentation

- Overview MP Cooperation Partners
- Tool connections
- General notes for project planning
- Instruction Webserver
- Description Data-Pool Values
- Description Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement PICS
- Description Modbus register
- Introduction to MP-Bus Technology