

**Contact Temperature Sensor**

Active surface contact temperature sensor (4...20 mA) for pipe applications. Spring loaded brass contact pin to ensure fast response and accurate reading. NEMA 4X / IP65 rated enclosure.


**Type Overview**

Type	Output signal active temperature
22HT-14	4...20 mA

**Technical Data**

<b>Electrical data</b>	Power Supply DC	15...24 V, $\pm 10\%$ , 0.5 W			
	Electrical connection	Removable spring loaded terminal block max. 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>			
	Cable entry	cable gland PG11 $\varnothing 6...10$ mm, with strain relief $\varnothing 6...8$ mm			
<b>Functional data</b>	Multirange	YES			
	Output signal active note	Current outout: max. 500 $\Omega$ load			
	Media	Water			
<b>Measuring data</b>	Measured values	Temperature			
	Measuring range temperature	range selectable			
		Setting	range [°C]	range [°F]	Factory setting
		S0	-50...50 °C	-30...130 °F	
		S1	-10...120 °C	0...250 °F	
		S2	0...50 °C	40...140 °F	
		S3	0...250 °C	30...480 °F	
		S4	-15...35 °C	0...100 °F	
		S5	0...100 °C	40...240 °F	✓
	S6	-20...80 °C	40...90 °F		
S7	0...160 °C	0...150 °F			
<b>Materials</b>	Accuracy temperature	$\pm 1\%$ of measuring range @ 21 °C			
	Cable gland	PA6, black			
	Housing	Cover: Lexan, Belimo orange NCS S0580-Y6OR Bottom: Lexan, Belimo orange NCS S0580-Y6OR Seal: 0467 NBR70, black			
<b>Safety data</b>	Ambient humidity	85% r.h., non-condensing			
	Ambient Temperature	-35...50 °C [-30...122 °F]			
	Housing surface temperature	Max. 70 °C [160 °F]			
	Protection class IEC/EN	III Protective extra-low voltage (PELV)			
	Protection class UL	UL Class 2 Supply			
	EU Conformity	CE Marking			
	Certification IEC/EN	IEC/EN 60730-1 and IEC/EN 60730-2-9			
	Certification UL	pending			
	Degree of protection IEC/EN	IP65			
	Degree of protection NEMA/UL	NEMA 4X			
Quality Standard	ISO 9001				

Safety notes



The installation and assembly of electrical equipment should only be performed by authorized personnel.

The product should only be used for the intended application. Unauthorised modifications are prohibited! The product must not be used in relation with any equipment that in case of a failure may threaten, directly or indirectly, human health or life or result in danger to human beings, animals or assets. Ensure all power is disconnected before installing. Do not connect to live/operating equipment.

Please comply with

- Local laws, health & safety regulations, technical standards and regulations
- Condition of the device at the time of installation, to ensure safe installation
- This data sheet and installation manual

Remarks

**General remarks concerning sensors**

When using lengthy connection wires (depending on the cross section used) the measuring result might be falsified due to a voltage drop at the common GND-wire (caused by the voltage current and the line resistance). In this case, 2 GND-wires must be wired to the sensor - one for supply voltage and one for the measuring current.

Sensing devices with a transducer should always be operated in the middle of the measuring range to avoid deviations at the measuring end points. The ambient temperature of the transducer electronics should be kept constant. The transducers must be operated at a constant supply voltage ( $\pm 0.2$  V). When switching the supply voltage on/off, onsite power surges must be avoided.

**Build-up of Self-Heating by Electrical Dissipative Power**

Temperature sensors with electronic components always have a dissipative power which affects the temperature measurement of the ambient air. The dissipation in active temperature sensors shows a linear increase with rising operating voltage. This dissipative power should be taken into account when measuring temperature. In case of a fixed operating voltage ( $\pm 0.2$  V) this is normally done by adding or reducing a constant offset value. As Belimo transducers work with a variable operating voltage, only one operating voltage can be taken into consideration, for reasons of production engineering. Transducers 0...10 V / 4...20 mA have a standard setting at an operating voltage of DC 24 V. That means, that at this voltage, the expected measuring error of the output signal will be the least. For other operating voltages, the offset error will be increased by a changing power loss of the sensor electronics. If a re-calibration should become necessary later directly on the sensor, this can be done by means of a trimming potentiometer on the sensor board.

Accessories

Optional accessories

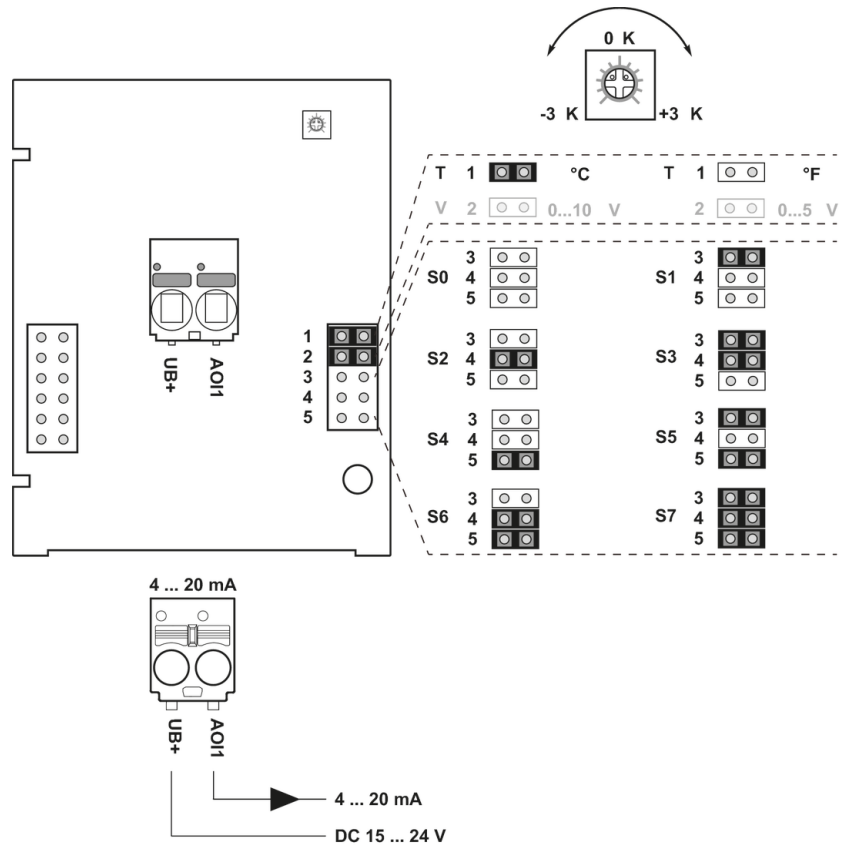
Description

Type

- Tightening strap 40...110 mm with contact fluid
- Tightening strap 50...900 mm with contact fluid

- A-22P-A41
- A-22P-A43

Wiring diagram



The adjustment of the measuring ranges is made by changing the bonding jumpers. The output value in the new measuring range is available after 2 seconds.

Setting	range [°C]	range [°F]	Factory setting
S0	-50...50 °C	-30...130 °F	
S1	-10...120 °C	0...250 °F	
S2	0...50 °C	40...140 °F	
S3	0...250 °C	30...480 °F	
S4	-15...35 °C	0...100 °F	
S5	0...100 °C	40...240 °F	✓
S6	-20...80 °C	40...90 °F	
S7	0...160 °C	0...150 °F	

Dimensions

